

ACER Recommendation on Cross-Border Cost Allocation Requests Part I

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CBCA Workshop

3 October 2013

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ACER's approach

- The ACER Recommendation specifies the level of detail of the information to be provided by project promoters when submitting their CBCA requests
 - » Enables submission of complete CBCA requests
 - Streamlines the NRAs' decision making-processes and minimises delays
- Pragmatic stance: focus on the information that is the most relevant for the proper handling of CBCA requests and ensure that the information provision is not too burdensome for project promoters



List of accompanying documents (1/3)

- 1. Evidence of sufficient maturity of the project
- 2. Preliminary investment decision (when relevant)
 - Board decision on intended investment, possibly conditional
- 3. Detailed technical description of the project
 - Including an explanation of the rationale behind the choice of the technology
- 4. Detailed Implementation plan
 - Promoters to provide evidence about the progress achieved in the development of their project
 - ACER has defined key steps in the project development and requires promoters to indicate start date and end date (potentially expected dates) for each step
 - Tables included in both electricity and gas template



List of accompanying documents (2/3)

- 5. Short description of the permitting status
 - Detailed schedule for each hosting country
- 6. Evidence on TSO consultations and results
 - Consultation of the TSOs from the Member States to which the project provides a significant net positive impact (above the contribution threshold)
 - Information on sharing of calculation of the CBA and the feedback from the consulted TSO(s)
 - Indicate elements where the involved TSOs can agree and where they cannot agree
- 7. Project specific CBA study
 - ➤ Assessment of costs and benefits using the electricity and gas CBA recommendations and templates (see Annexes)



List of accompanying documents (3/3)

- 8. Analysis of the expected ITC revenues (electricity projects only)
- 9. Analysis of other revenues/charges
- 10.Market test results (only for Gas PCIs creating bookable capacity)
 - > Either binding or non-binding market test results
 - What matters is that promoters provide a sufficiently reliable insight into their ability to cover the efficiently incurred investment costs by revenues from capacity bookings
- 11. Business plan and financing strategy
 - > Including grants
- 12.CBCA proposal (if agreed by project promoters)



General requirements

- Project specific and per country disaggregated cost-benefit analysis
- Four key dimensions have to be addressed:
 - Total benefits
 - Total costs
 - Net positive effects distribution among MS ("beneficiaries")
 - Net cost distribution among MS ("cost bearers")
- ACER elaborated templates with indicators to be filled in by project promoters and to enable a clear and precise assessments of these four dimensions
- ACER recommends using of an uncertainty range (-x%; +y%) for the assessment of costs and benefits in each country



Costs

- Need to have transparently reflected the efficiently incurred investment costs, excluding maintenance costs (in line with Art. 12(1) of the TEN-E Regulation
- Net present values of each cost component should be presented separately
- Total costs should be yearly and by country disaggregated



Benefits

- The following benefits should be monetized to the extent possible:
 - Market integration and interoperability
 - Competition measured on the basis of diversification
 - Security of supply
 - Impact on congestion
 - Secondary components: Sustainability/Disaster resilience and system security impact/ Climate resilience
- Benefits should be presented for each MS separately, and by impacted entity in total NPV and in nondiscounted values by years when changing
- Promoters can provide evidence if their project can be influenced by the potential development of other (complementary) PCI projects if benefits are higher



Market test results (for projects creating bookable capacity)

 Promoters indicate what would be the NPV of expected network users' payments (tariff + premium)

Expected financing solutions

 Promoters detail the share of debt, equity, expected national and European grants

Time horizon and discounting methods

- Present/calculate CBA results up to a time horizon of 2030, if feasible, then extrapolate
- Transparency on assumptions used for the CBA (e.g. social discount rate, economic lifetime, residual value)

Scenarios and sensitivity analysis

Supply, demand, investment costs, prices, etc.



Thank you for your attention!



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